About this manual

About the contents of this manual
The information in this document may be changed at any time without notice.

Table of Contents

About the contents of this manual 2
Table of Contents 2
Version and revision history. 3
Revision history for product: 3
Revision history for this document. 3
Functional 4
IEEE C37.94 4
G.703 E1 2048kbit/s 5
Applications 6
Features 8
Fiberoptic and data transfer protocol 8
G.703 – E1 8
Power Supply. 8
Environmental conditions 8
CE compliance 8
Mechanical 8
EMC compliance 8
Insulation 9
Physical size and Weight 9
Unpacking. 10
Product 21-219 consists of: 10
Serial number. 11
Front Panel. 11
Back Panel. 11
BNC 75 Ohm G.703 E1 Port 12
Fiber Optic IEEE C37.94 Ports. 13
Functional earth/ground, FE. 13
Normal use 14
Config rotary switch 14
External clock 15
Internal clock – “Master mode” 15
Power on. 16
LED-status. 16
CE - mark 18
Version and revision history.

Revision history for product:

Revision R0.

Revision history for this document.

Revision AK0.
Revision R0.

Document properties.
Last saved: 6/5/2006 3:42:00 PM
Filename: Technical Manual 90_20_0113R0

Author.
Created by Anders Nyström.
Last saved by Anders Nyström.
**General description**

**Functional**

The 21-219, Fiberoptic IEEE C37.94 - G.703 E1 converter is intended to extend distance and galvanic isolate the teleprotection equipment for substations connection to telecom network.

**IEEE C37.94**

The standard “IEEE C37.94-2002, IEEE Standard for N times 64 Kilobit per Second Optical Fiber Interfaces between Teleprotection and Multiplexer Equipment” describes a fiberoptic intra-substation communication links between teleprotection equipment and multiplexers.

---

The bit c in “Header” is used for “Yellow Alarm”. (Every other frame).
Bits p,q,r and s in “Overhead” form a HEX-value indicating the number of timeslots used for data.
0.0.0.1 for N=1
0.0.1.0 for N=2
....
1.1.0.0 for N=12, (0CH).
12 timeslots, (1 timeslot has 8bits ⇒ 12x8bits=96bits. With complement bits ⇒ 2x96=192 bits). Data bits in not used timeslots are set to 1.
G.703 E1 2048kbit/s
The G.703, E1, 2048kbit/s unbalanced, (75 Ohm BNC), ports are intended to connect to, for example, a leased telecom line.

21-219
There are two C37.94 fiber optic ports that are multiplexed into one E1-protocol. “Channel 0” is inserted/extracted in timeslot 1 – 13 in the E1-protocol. “Channel 1” is inserted/extracted in timeslot 17 – 29 in the E1-protocol. E1 timeslot 0 contains framing/synchronization information. Timeslots 14, 15, 16, 30 and 31 are ignored at receive and set to 0 at transmit.

In the IEEE C37.94 protocol each data bit is followed by its complement. Only “true”, (non complement), data bits are transferred to E1-protocol.

The N is fetched from the IEEE C97.94 protocol indicating the number of timeslots used in the protocol. The 21-219 transfer the N-value but don’t use it for any other purpose. All data bits in all 12 timeslots are transferred, regardless of the value of N.
Applications

Singel IEEE C37.94 link via Telecom network.

Dual IEEE C37.94 link via Telecom network.
Redundant REL 670 system.
Features

Fiberoptic and data transfer protocol
Data speed 2.048Mbit/s, IEEE C37.94 protocol.

Optical data
Wavelength 820nm
Fiber optical connector ST
Optical System budget 13dB with multimode fiber, (62.5/125 um)
9dB with multimode fiber, (50/125 um)

Typical distance 2km (6dB system margin for 62.5/125
and 3dB margin for 50/125).

G.703 – E1
Interface 2 BNCs, unbalanced 75 Ohm.
Protocol G.703, G.704, 2048 kbit/s. PCM31 or
PCM31C, (CRC-check is not used by 21-219).

Power Supply.
48V DC to 250V DC, ± 20%
110V AC to 230V AC, 50Hz, ± 20%.
AC connector IEC 320, 3 pin.
Power consumption <20W.

Environmental conditions
Operating temperature range -25 to +70 °C.
Storage temperature range -40 to +85 °C.
Relative humidity operating 5 to 95%.
Relative humidity storage 5 to 95% non condensing.

CE compliance
Immunity EN 61000-6-2
Emission EN 61000-6-4
LVD EN 50178, RIV = 250V OVC = III

Mechanical
Vibration IEC 60255-21-1 Class 2
Shock IEC 60255-21-2 Class 2
Sesmic IEC 60255-21-3 Class 2

EMC compliance
ESD IEC 60255-22-2 Class 3, contact 6kV, air 8kV.
Radiated IEC 60255-22-3 / IEEE/ANSI C37.90.2; 35V/m
Burst Power IEC 60255-22-1 Class III
Burst Communication IEC 60255-22-1 Class II; 0.5kV diff, 1kV common mode
Fast transient Power IEC 60255-22-4 Class IV
Fast transient Communication IEC 60255-22-4 Class II; 1kV
**Insulation**

- Dielectric test: IEC 60-255-5, 2,0kV 1min
- Impulse voltage test: IEC 60255 / EN 50178 5kV / 6kV
- Insulation resistance: IEC 60255-5; >100MOhm at 500VDC

**Physical size and Weight**

The unit can be mounted in a 19” rack.

By adjusting the rack mount brackets, the unit can also be mounted on a wall or similar.

- **Height**: 45 mm
- **Width**: 483 mm (380 mm without rack mount brackets).
- **Depth**: 173 mm (from front to back, connectors excluded).
- **Weight**: 3 kg
Unpacking.

Check that the packing material has no damage. If damages are discovered on packing material, contact your shipping company, before unpacking.

The delivered product consists of several parts. Check that all parts are present according to the list below, and have no damage.

**Product 21-219 consists of:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Part number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>21-219</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>60-00-5387</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>50-65-1673</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>50-65-0106</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>50-65-5030</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>90-20-0113</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

21-219, *(Part number includes all parts in list above).*

- **2 Rack mounting brackets**
- **8 screws for rack mounting brackets**
- **4 Rubber feet**
- **Power cord.**
Installation.

Serial number.
The product's serial number is the best way for Fibersystem to identify the product. If the serial number is not noted on your delivery notes, please add the serial number to your own product documentation. This will be useful at future contact with Fibersystem.

Front Panel.

- Power Supply IEC 320 connector
- Functional earth/ground
- Fiber Optic Ports “Channel 0”
- Fiber Optic Ports “Channel 1”
- G.703 port
- Status LEDs G.703 and configuration
- Config-switch
- Reset button
- Status LEDs Fiber optic port Channel 0”
- Status LEDs Fiber optic port Channel 1”

Back Panel.
There are no connections or indications on the back panel.
Mounting
The products can be used stand alone, rack mounted or attached with screws to wall or similar.
The rack brackets have two alternative places on each side of the unit and the brackets can be rotated for alternative positions.

BNC 75 Ohm G.703 E1 Port
The connectors are BNC. Tx-port sends data out from 21-219, Rx-port receives data. The BNC-shield is internally connected to chassis/FE. For best signal integrity use a high quality double shielded coaxial cable. For example RG216.
**Fiber Optic IEEE C37.94 Ports.**

The fiber optic connector is of ST type.

Confirm that the attenuation of the fiber optic cable, including splices and patch cables, doesn’t exceed the system budget. Don’t forget to add a safety margin. Minimum safety margin is 3dB.

Make sure that the local fiber optic transmitter, marked Tx, is connected to the remote units fiber optic receiver, marked Rx. And local Rx shall be connected to remote Tx.

**Functional earth/ground, FE.**

To the left of the IEC 320 power supply connector, a reference ground/earth screw is available. Protective earth/ground, PE, shall be connected to the IEC 320 power supply connector.
Configuration

Normal use
Normally no configuration is needed!
When two 21-219 are connected back-to-back, (E1 ports connected to each other),
one of the 21-219 should be set to “Master mode”.

Config rotary switch

The rotary switch has 16 positions, (HEX-switch).

At position 0 the switch’s arrow, visible through the adjusting hole, points straight down.

All configuration is done by setting the position of the “Config” rotary switch on the frontpanel. The “Config”-switch is operated with a small screwdriver. The switch has 16 positions. Every switch position is presented by the four LEDs 1, 2, 4 and 8. The LEDs forms a corresponding binary-value of the switch position. In the table below an “X” marks a lit LED.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LED 1</th>
<th>LED 2</th>
<th>LED 4</th>
<th>LED 8</th>
<th>FUNCTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(0H) External clock selected. “Slave mode”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(1H) Internal clock selected. “Master mode”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(2H) Future use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(3H) Future use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(4H) Future use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(5H) Future use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(6H) Future use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(7H) Future use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(8H) Future use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(9H) Future use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(AH) Future use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(BH) Future use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(CH) Future use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(DH) Future use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(EH) Future use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(FH) Future use</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**External clock**
When HEX-switch is on position 0, the clock extracted from the signal received at the E1 BNC Rx port is used. This is the normal configuration when connected to a telecom network.

**Internal clock – “Master mode”**
When HEX-switch is on position 1, the clock used is generated by an internal 2048kHz clock. This is used when two 21-219 are directly connected to each other with coaxial cables. Only one 21-219 shall have this configuration.
Start and usage.

Power on.
Connect the power cord to the 21-219 and then connect to mains.

LED-status.
There are 18 LED-indicators at the front panel.

---

Power
A green LED lit when power is connected to the unit.

Link
A green LED lit when E1-frames, (PCM31 or PCM31C), are received and accepted on BNC-port Rx. If “Yellow bit” is set in E1-frame or if AIS-condition on received frame, the Link-LED will blink.

1, 2, 4, 8
Yellow LEDs. Marks the position of the Config switch. The four LEDs forms a binary value, lit LEDs, corresponding to the 16 positions of the Config switch. Only position 0 and 1 of the configuration switch are used. LEDs 2, 4 and 8 shall always be “black”.

---
The LEDs to the left of fiber optic ports are indicators for “Channel 0”. The LEDs to the right of fiber optic ports are indicators for “Channel 1”.

**LA**
Local Alarm. A red LED indicating that the 21-219 has encountered a fault in the received IEEE C37.94 protocol – LOS Loss Of Signal. The “Yellow Alarm bit” is set in the outgoing IEEE C37.94 protocol.

Is red when the 21-219 has detected an error. This indication has a memory function. When the local-error is no longer present, the LA-LED will be blink until “Reset”-button is pressed.

**RA**
Remote Alarm. A red LED indicating that the remote unit has encountered a fault condition and has set the “Yellow Alarm bit” in the IEEE C37.94 protocol.

Is red when the remote unit of the fiber optic link has detected an error. This indication has a memory function. When the remote-error is no longer present, the RA-LED will be blink until “Reset”-button is pressed.

**St**
Status. A red LED is lit when the 21-219 has set outgoing data on fiber to AIS-condition.

**LI**
Link Fiber. A green LED indicating that the 21-219 receives correct IEEE C37.94 frames, (no LOS). Blinks when fiber optic receiver indicate low signal amplitude. Low amplitude is indicated when received optical signal power is between -35dBm and -40dBm.

The IEEE C37.94 standard specifies: “The receiver shall operate error-free (BER <1E –9) for mean optical power between –32 dBm and –11 dBm.”

**TxD**
Received data from E1 sent out to IEEE C37.94. A yellow LED indicating that 21-219 sends data in IEEE C37.94 format.

**RxD**
Receive IEEE C37.94 data on fiber. A yellow LED indicating that 21-219 receives data in IEEE C37.94 protocol.
Technical support

Before contacting technical support, we beg you to first read the manual once again. If you still have problems or questions, don’t hesitate to contact help desk. Please gather all relevant information, including serial number, about your installation before contacting help desk.

Our technical support can be reached at:
Fibersystem AB
Gardsfogdevagen 18B
S-16866 Bromma
Sweden
Telephone: +46-8-564 828 80 • telefax: +46-8-28 33 50
Web: http://www.fibersystem.se/
E-mail addresses can be found on our web-site.

CE - mark

The product described in this manual, is designed to apply to the specifications of the EMC directive 89/336/EEC and to low voltage directive 73/23/EEC.

--